

## **Candida Isolate Submission Information**

Candida isolates may be submitted from any body site (invasive or non-invasive, sterile or non-sterile) that are:

- Confirmed as *C. auris* at the local laboratory
- Species that are unable to be identified after a validated method of *Candida* species identification was attempted Suspected *C. auris*:
  - C. auris can be misidentified as other species, most commonly, Candida haemulonii.
  - · Common misidentifications by identification method are listed below.
  - Identification of any of these species by the corresponding identification methods should prompt further work up of the isolate at the ARLN lab to rule out C. auris (see table below)

Identification Method	Common <i>C. auris</i> Misidentification
Vitek 2 YST	Candida haemulonii
BD Phoenix yeast identification system	Candida haemulonii Candida catenulata
Microscan	Candida catenulata Candida famata Candida guilliermondii Candida lusitaniae
API 20C	Rhodotorula glutinis (and characteristic red color not present)  Candida sake



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## In addition, the following Candida isolates may be submitted

- Candida isolates of any species that have been determined to be resistant to antifungal drugs by the clinical laboratory.
- *C. glabrata* isolates from invasive, normally sterile sites (e.g., blood, CSF) regardless of resistance pattern.
- Candida species other than C. albicans, from invasive, normally sterile sites.
- Serial *Candida* isolates (other than albicans) from patient receiving antifungal treatment (collected over many days, not from two bottles on the same day) represent a special public health interest (i.e. the possible development of resistance under antifungal pressure) and can be considered for collection.

## CONSIDERATIONS FOR ISOLATE COLLECTION/SUBMISSION

- All Isolates must be accompanied with a completed PH-4182 Clinical Submission Form
- Isolates should be clonal (selected from a single colony) and submitted on a Sabouraud's Dextrose agar slant or other appropriate media.
- Because of the need for rapid identification of *C. auris* to implement infection control precautions, when collecting isolates to rule out *C. auris*, consider arranging for isolates to be shipped directly to your State Public Health Laboratory.
  - For any isolate collected to rule out *C. auris* it is important that your state Hospital Acquired Infection contact and the State Public Health Laboratory are aware of the possibility that the isolate could be *C. auris* so that appropriate infection control measures can be taken.
- Candida isolates are stable on fungal slants for up to a month at room temperature
- At this time the following species should not be sent regardless of the source site:
  - C. albicans